The Lead Sheet Cheat Sheet

Below is a list of the most common chords and symbols that you will see on a lead sheet!

Symbol	Meaning / notes you can play
C	A letter on its own indicates a major chord. You can use these notes in your bass line.
C- or Cm	A letter followed by a dash or lowercase "m" indicates a minor chord
C-7 or Cm7	Indicates a minor 7th chord
C7	Indicates a dominant 7th chord
Cmaj7 or C∆7	Indicates a major 7th chord
C-7b5 or Cø7	Indicates a minor 7 flat 5 chord or "half-dimished"
C°7	Diminished-7th chord
C/E	Indicates a major chord but with E as the lowest note. This is an inversion and as the bassist you should emphasise the note on the right, which in this case is E
Csus4	Indicates a sus 4 chord. You should avoid playing E (the major 3rd) during this chord.

D.S. al Coda	Jump back to the sign and keep playing through the lead sheet until you see "To Coda"
%	The sign mentioned in the line above
To Coda	Jump forward to where you see the coda symbol
•	The coda symbol mentioned in the line above
	You can improvise your bass line. Use notes from whichever chord is indicated.
17/11	You must play the rhythms written, but you can choose which notes you play - choose notes from the chord indicated.
A	Rehearsal marker. Often, a band leader will say "let's take it from A", meaning you should find this symbol and play from there.
J = 80	Tempo marking. This particular marker indicates that the tempo is 80 beats per minute, with the quarter-note being the beat

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